

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

# Royal Baking Powder

## ABSOLUTELY PURE

Rev. Sam Small, Herman & Hess

WILL LECTURE

AT THE FIRST M. E. CHURCH,

FRIDAY, July 8th.

Subject: "From Bar Room to Pulpit."  
Tickets on Sale at Hyde and Humble's.

## The Glorious



## On Wheels

Fair Grounds, Wichita, July 4, 5 and 6.

State meeting of League of American Wheelmen. Grand Industrial and Trades Display by citizens, also 2000 wheelmen in line July 4th, 10 a.m.

Cycle races and Balloon Ascension at Fair Grounds in the afternoon.

Grand Fireworks display, Lantern and Torchlight parade at night by the wheelmen.

Wheelmen's Grand Ball at Garfield Hall, July 4th.

Excursion rates on all railroads one fare for round trip.

Admission at grounds 25c, children under twelve 15c. Teams, Carriages, etc. free.

When you go, take the Frisco line to St. Louis and the east for the reason that it is the only Wichita line running two solid trains daily without change of any class to St. Louis morning and night, and it is the only line having palace sleeping chair and Pullman sleeping cars in morning and night trains. Always on time and sure of making eastern connections at St. Louis union depot.

For Kansas City, St. Louis and all points east take the Missouri Pacific railway. The shortest line to St. Louis by 48 miles. No change of cars of any kind between Wichita and St. Louis. Only fifty hours between Wichita and New York City via Missouri Pacific railway. City tickets \$10.00 North Main street. 1011 ft

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used for children's teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Used by millions of mothers.

NEVER before and probably never again will the public have an opportunity such as this, to buy a Real Fine suit of Clothes for \$5.20 equal to regular \$10.00 and \$15.00 values.

Children's nobby two and three piece suits in straight and round cut, fine imported worsteds chevrons, cassimeres, Diagonals or Tries in all the latest shades, cut by a artistic tailors, original price \$5, \$10 and \$12. Dissolution price \$4.75.

Same styles and cut for \$1.45.

Heavy California overalls, 40c; Overall jackets, 25c; Linen Handkerchiefs, 2c; Madras, Satinens, Denims, Onions and Dometts-shirts, 25c; Suspenders 4c, cotton socks 4c. Laundered white shirts, plain or pleated 50c.

The Most Complete Annihilation of prices since Noah Left the Ark, will be until the end of this week.

We Don't Want the Goods. We Want the Money.

And as we have so very little time left to consummate our plans, we inaugurate the most stupendous disruption of values.

Wheelmen

are invited to inspect the "Hess improved Bicycle Shoe." They are the best made; endorsed by all leading riders in the country. Rubber soles guaranteed and extra ones furnished free.

10 days remain to fill your coupon for a life sized crayon portrait free.

HERMAN & HESS, ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS, 406 East Douglas Ave.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

(Furnished by Applegate & Mallory, Abstractors.)  
The records in the register of deeds office show the following buyers:  
M. S. Gerould, lot 73 1/2 ft of a side 70 x 100 ft. Waterman add. wd. 3 000  
New England Loan company lots 57 Topeka av. Meads add. shd. d. 400  
G. W. Tomes tract in sec. 12 27 1 w. shd. d. 450  
A. W. Dows lots 237 241 Lawrence av. Hyde & Ferrell's add. wd. 2 500  
C. D. Humbold lots 36 38 blk 3 Kansas add. wd. 800  
Hilton's add. wd. 800  
Hartford Western Land company lots 64 70 Guy av. Logan add. wd. 300  
W. T. Cuckley lots 12 13 Stephens av. Stephens add. wd. 600  
A. G. Wright tract in sw qr sec 16 26 26 wd. 800  
G. F. Phillips lots 36 38 blk 3 Kansas add. wd. 400  
S. Stutzman e. h. ne qr sec 34 35 16 wd. 3 000  
Amount of mortgage releases. \$8 217

Snap No. 2.

75 feet of ground with good orchard, two story, 7 room house, hall closets, fine arrangements, good repair, call and see photograph.—Price \$550.

Hartford Investment Co.

Room 402 Sedgwick Building.

Wanted.  
Energetic ladies and gentlemen: \$25 per month. Persons desiring employment should call at once. Until July 30th, at 324 North Emporia avenue, hours, 1:30 to 6 p. m. d423 wed fri

Why pay \$1.50 for Dr. A. W. Chase's first book, thirty years old, revised and the greater part added by the publisher, R. A. Beale, when you can get his third, last and complete book, written entirely by the doctor, for \$2.50? Sold by agents only. d423

How a Hindoo Uses Clocks.

The Hindoo places a clock in his parlor, says a writer in Temple Bar, not because he ever desires to know what the hour is, but because a clock is a foreign curiosity. Instead, therefore, of contenting himself with one good clock he will have, perhaps, a dozen in one room. These clocks are signs of his wealth, but they do not add to his comfort, for he is so indifferent to time that he measures it by the number of hump-bone lengths the sun has traveled above the horizon.

—A Dublin doctor lately sent in a bill to a lady which ran thus: "To curing your husband till he died."—Tid-Bits.

Miss Minnie and Grace Simpson of Newton spent a very pleasant Fourth with their cousins L. C. and Mattie Hickman of South Lawrence avenue. They concluded that Wichita was hard to beat for a good time.

Miss Kittie Flohr, one of the pretty girls of Kansas, Kan., and Professor Dan F. Spiegle of the same city are spending a few days in Wichita, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Donnelly at 413 South Market street.

Dr. and Mrs. David Winters left yesterday for Canada, where they will remain about six weeks. Dr. Hendee, president of the Emporia college, will fill the pulpit at Presbyterian church, during Dr. Winters' absence.

Colonel E. E. Bleckley will leave for St. Louis today where he will receive treatment for his eyes. He goes there every two weeks and his many friends will be pleased to hear that his eyes are gradually improving.

Mr. Clarence Brockman of Mt. Sterling, Ill., is here, visiting the family of Mr. N. E. English on South Topeka. Mr. Brockman is a popular young society gentleman of Mt. Sterling. He will remain several weeks.

The uniform rank Knights of Pythias after the parade on the Fourth, drew up on First street between Market and Main, and were photographed by Rogers. The boys drill nicely and are preparing for the Kansas City tournament.

General Superintendent Dickerson of the Missouri Pacific road was in the city yesterday, having come on in his special train. He used the periodical tour of inspection. Superintendent Harding accompanied Mr. Dickerson east from here.

Mrs. Dillard of Paducah, Ky., who has been for some weeks visiting her parents in Cheney, returned to Wichita yesterday, and will visit her sisters, Mrs. Anderson and Mrs. Sutton, and the family of P. R. Dillard, before she returns to her "old Kentucky home."

Miss Lilly McGowan of Princeton, Ky., is in the city, spending the summer with the family of her uncle, L. B. Speed of the Santa Fe. Miss McGowan is a very handsome and accomplished young lady, and before her visit is completed she will have made hosts of friends in the Peerless Princess.

There will be a lawn social at the residence of Miss Leida H. Mills, 808 East Thirteenth street, Friday evening, July 8, in the interest of the Central Christian Sunday school. A good program will be given and refreshments served. Everybody invited.

The Ladies' Aid society of the First Presbyterian church will meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock with Mrs. S. A. McClung 222 North Emporia avenue. Let every member be present as business of importance will be transacted.

Mrs. HARRY McCLUNG, Sec.

The Wichita Musical club will meet this morning at 9:30 at Barnes & Newcomb's LEIDA H. MILLS, Sec.

NOTICE TO RED MEN.  
Arizona Tribe No. 23 will meet Friday evening at 8 o'clock in Peerless hall corner of Main and First streets. Let us have a good turn out. S. G. NEFF, Scribe.

Regular meeting of Peerless Lodge No. 272 tonight. Work in both degrees. E. L. SPENCER, Recorder.

The Ladies' Aid society of Plymouth Congregational church will meet at the church this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

WICHITA HOSPITAL.  
Regular business meeting of the Wichita Hospital today at 2:30 p. m. All members please be present.

Mrs. LAURA LYETTE, Sec'y.

ATTENTION CO. A.  
Wichita Light Infantry, hereby member on this company raised to 103 m. sharp to report at the armory at 8 o'clock sharp this p. m. for inspection. No excuse will be granted. By order of A. C. BRYAN, Capt. W. H. STEELE, 1st Sergt.

The German Evangelical Lutheran Ladies Aid society will meet tomorrow at 3 o'clock sharp at the residence of Mrs. K. Frank, 1124 South Topeka avenue. Every member is urged to be present as business of importance will be transacted.

Beginning Thursday, July 7, the office of the Humane Society in the city building will be open from 10 a. m. to 12 m. instead of from 10 to 12 a. m. as heretofore. R. L. MARSH, Pres't.

WHAT AILED THE CAKE.

Bridge Meant Well, But Her Efforts Were Unsuccessful.

It is said that good cooks, like good nurses, are "born, not made." In this opinion a lady who has recently struggled with the ignorance and stupidity of a servant who was "willin' and anxious, ma'am," fully concurs, says the Youth's Companion.

"Now see what a nice loaf of cake you can make from this receipt, Bridget," said the mistress one morning. "Remember the things I have told you; there's no reason why you shouldn't have as light a loaf of cake as anybody."

"Yes, ma'am," said Bridget, "I'll remember everything, an' I'll warrant I'll be givin' you a fine loaf."

But when the loaf was at last withdrawn from the oven by the despairing Bridget, it presented anything but a light and well-baked aspect.

"What ever can be the matter with it?" groaned poor Bridget when she had summoned her mistress to inspect the uninviting panful.

"Did you remember to put baking-powder in the flour, Bridget?" queried the lady.

"The bakin'-powder is in it all right, ma'am," responded Bridget, "but never a bit of flour. I put in corn-starch, ma'am, in place of the flour."

"Corn-starch!" gasped the mistress.

"Innade, yis, ma'am," said Bridget. "You said you wanted the cake very light, and it was yourself was tellin' me the other day how much lighter corn-starch was than flour, so I just put in two heapin' cups of corn-starch, ma'am!"

European Customs.

Women are not permitted to sit in the body of the Temple church of London, because many hundreds of years ago the seats were reserved for the monkish knights, for whom the church was erected. Another story, illustrating the tenacity of custom in European communities, is that of the sentinel at a certain point in a public garden in London. Nobody knows why he was stationed at that particular point until some one, delving in old records, discovered that generations before a sentinel had been placed there to warn people of a newly-painted bench. Even European birds seem tenacious of precedent. Migratory birds do not cross the Mediterranean at its narrowest point, but an examination has proved that the point at which many do cross was at one time the narrowest part of the sea.

## BEASTS OF BURDEN.

In California Chinamen Do the Work of Horses.

Odd Signs to Be Seen in the Market Gardens of Alameda County—Seed Drills Pulled Through the Fields by Coolies.

An astonishing sight has been presented recently to observant travelers over the narrow-gauge railroad to Santa Cruz while passing through the great market gardens near Newark, in Alameda county. It was nothing more nor less, says the San Francisco Chronicle, than the utilization of Chinese laborers as beasts of burden, and of their own volition, too.

Along the railroad near the station mentioned bands of coolies have rented large tracts of land for the purpose of raising vegetables for the San Francisco market. For the past few weeks the Chinese have been engaged in planting beets, onions and other vegetables, using large drills in doing the work. Horses have usually been employed to pull these drills, but here the Chinese laborers substitute themselves for the usual beasts of burden, lurch themselves up in their steeled, and are by another coolie guided like "dumb driven cattle." The large seed drill somewhat resembles a plow. It has handles like that implement, and from the front of the drill extends a rope six or eight feet long. On the end of this rope a pole about eight feet in length is tied. Two Chinamen place the pole in front of them, about the middle of their bodies, and bending to their work they pull the drill about the field in response to the commands of the man at the handles.

In some cases, instead of using the pole, two ropes are attached to the drill, and the coolie beasts of burden take the ends of these lines over their shoulders and plod over the field. Backward and forward they go, just like horses, and apparently as contented with their lot.

Certainly in no other part of the United States is such a sight to be seen, that of human beings voluntarily taking the place of work animals.

When the Mormons founded Salt Lake City and populated the country there, about the working of women in the fields was common, and even until a few years ago many an old Mormon could be seen from the cars driving a herd of his wives hitched to a plow like oxen, and like them staggering under the yoke, receiving but his curses if they stopped to rest. The influx of Gentiles



has, it is supposed, put an end to this inhuman treatment of the Mormons' female slaves.

In some older countries, where the poorer classes are down-trodden and animals are scarce and fodder dear, such conditions do still exist, though even there they are fast becoming rare.

The fellahs of Egypt are the only other class of degraded human beings that are forced to do the work of beasts, and the only men employed, and they probably have the hardest time of it. They are still compelled to draw the primitive plow, made of two wooden stiles, one of which serves for a handle and the other is pointed down into the ground.

But in this land of plenty, where animals of all kinds are in abundance and cheap and the fodder for them can be raised at a nominal cost, it is indeed a peculiar thing for Chinamen to copy the custom of the degraded human beings and the only men employed, and they probably have the hardest time of it. They are still compelled to draw the primitive plow, made of two wooden stiles, one of which serves for a handle and the other is pointed down into the ground.

It is difficult to understand by what idea of economy the Chinese see an advantage in employing their own fellows "after the manner of the beasts of the field," but it probably has its basis in the fact that in China men do about all the field work. But there they have no farming machinery and few horses, and all the work is done by hand.

CROWING CONTESTS.

Music Furnished by Roosters Entered in a Regular Competition.

Recently there was a very interesting crowing contest between roosters in Belgium. The poultry raisers of the vicinity of Liege are such admirers of the music which their roosters furnish that they decided to hold a competition at Liege in order to prove definitely whose rooster was the champion crower. All the birds entered in the competition—and there was a great number—were placed in cages, one in each cage, with a trustworthy man in front of each to record the crowing. The contest lasted one hour, and the cock which crowed the greatest number of times in that period received a valuable prize. The winner of the prize crowed one hundred and thirty-four times, or more than twice a minute. The Youth's Companion thinks that anyone who has seen a young rooster mount a barnyard fence and crow until the housewife comes out and then a mile put at him will not be inclined to impeach the accuracy of this count, unless he thinks it is an understatement. It is possible that the Liege cocks were embarrassed by the strange surroundings and did not do themselves justice.

An Exhibit of Swiss Watches.

The Swiss national council has voted one hundred and twenty thousand francs for exhibits at the world's fair of the Swiss watchmaking industry. There was considerable hesitation about voting the money on the ground that the American watch manufacturers had attained considerable perfection and would take advantage of the opportunity to copy the Swiss models. One member of the council is said to have remarked that American watches were fully up to anything Switzerland could produce. The council also approved subsidies for the exhibition of other Swiss industries, including exhibits of female work in the manufacturing line. The council refused a proposed appropriation of forty thousand francs for the other industries desiring to make exhibits of female work.

## NOW FOR BUSINESS.

Full Lines of Blank Books, Office Stationery. Stock complete in all lines at Lowest prices.

—THE—  
HYDE & HUMBLE  
STATIONERY CO.

### AN OLD TORMENTOR.

Skeletons Show That the Ancients Were Afflicted with Rheumatism.

A very valuable find of skeletons has been made in Egypt by Flinders Petrie, who has recently opened a number of tombs previously intact at Medum, belonging to the beginning of the fourth dynasty. According to the Newcastle Chronicle this is the earliest known date of Egyptian remains. The skeletons are well preserved, but tender and friable. Some of them bear unmistakable evidence of rheumatic changes and consequently indicate that at that very remote period man was subject to and suffered from this, as is now shown from its antiquity, venerable disease. No ornaments or objects of art, except occasionally some rough pottery, or a wooden headrest, were found with these remains. The greater number were interred in a contracted position with the knees drawn up to the breast, even when the tomb was long enough to allow burial in the extended position, the body placed on the left side, wrapped in linen cloth, the head always to the north and the face to the east. A few, however, apparently the bodies of the higher class or race, were interred in the extended position, along with vases, stoneware, and other articles. At this period there is no trace of mummification. The essential difference in the mode of interment seems to point to difference of race, and it is probable that the contracted burials are those of the prehistoric race of Egypt, while the dynastic race were buried with the body extended. It is extremely interesting to find these contracted burials common at so early a date in Egypt, as a similar mode was adopted by the earliest inhabitants of Great Britain.

### FAITH IN WITCHCRAFT.

Simple Minded People Who Suffered Through Their Superstition.

Belief in witchcraft is still found among the people in many countries. The wife of a rich farmer in Styria, Austria, had been paralyzed for years, and the medical men gave her up as hopeless. The farmer lately applied to a soothsayer, who looked into the matter and pronounced the patient to be bewitched. She pointed out another farmer who had also been sick for years as the wizard, and described that an old pair of pants of the man and a few drops of his blood must be placed over a dull fire and slowly burned. The patient must be held over this smoldering fire and thoroughly fumigated, after which she would recover. The pants were obtained and the old sick man one evening, when stepping into the doorway of his hut to get a breath of fresh air, was attacked and thrown down on his face to make his nose and mouth bleed. The blood was carefully scraped up from the ground and the fumigation made, but, of course, without the promised effect of curing the woman. The old man was terribly shaken and died soon after, whether as a result of the outrage committed against him was not reported. At Volilla, Spain, a farmer was sick. His son went to the only woman in the village that enjoyed the reputation of being a witch, and demanded of her to restore his father to health. When, a few days later, his father had not improved he went and shot both the so-called witch and her husband dead.

### FOR THE CZAR.

A Highland Costume for the Autocrat of the Russians.

An old Mull weaver has just executed what is for him a rather curious order, nothing less than a suit of homespun tweed for his imperial highness the czar of all the Russias. The cloth is of the usual Highland kind—a homely looking stuff, in which no prevailing colors are lichen and indigo. It is scarcely to be presumed that the czar, tired of dazzling uniforms and gorgeous apparel, has determined to startle his court by appearing in a suit of Highland spunt tartan. Such an action, says the Scotch Standard, might have been expected of the German emperor, but his brother of Russia is too practical to indulge in such caprices; and yet his order of the Highland suit shows that he is not above being swayed by the impulse of sentimentality. He has given this peculiar order because his father, the late czar, had for nurse a Rose of Mull girl named Catherine McKinnon, who by some stroke of luck found her way into the imperial family of Russia, and so commended herself to her royal employers that recollections of her services remain in the family to this day. Thus it is that the czar has ordered and obtained a suit of Mull-spunt tweed, woven within a few miles of the now ruined spot where Catherine McKinnon spent her childhood. Had Catherine lived in an earlier age she might have been czarina and the mother, not the nurse, of emperors, for was not the great Catherine of as lately an origin as this cottage girl from Mull?

### Galloping Through a Royal Dinner.

A royal dinner is not altogether a joyous and festive affair if one may trust the report of an English periodical, which states that there is always a little more conversation than usual at the royal dinner table when Lord Salisbury is present, as he is a great favorite with the queen, but when visitors, Windsor are always as taciturn as possible when dining with her majesty, as the dinner is galloped through at such a rate that anything beyond monosyllabic replies involves the risk of having a plate whipped off by a too attentive footman, and finding in some forty minutes or so from the advent of the soup that one has only enjoyed a sort of hasty meal.

### OUT OF A JOB.

English Aristocrats Who Are Looking for Work.

The following advertisement lately appeared in an English newspaper, says the Financial World:

"Directors wanted of good social standing for a new company now in course of formation; qualifications will be found for selected applicants, and remuneration will be on a liberal scale."

To this there were one hundred and forty-one replies received: One earl, one viscount, four barons, seven baronets, one knight, thirteen honorables, six members of parliament, four generals, one admiral, nine colonels, four majors, fourteen army captains, three minor naval officers and seventy-three without rank or title. There were some very amusing letters accompanying the applications. The earl said: "I need not point out that, should you entertain my proposal, an important leverage in procuring a good subscription of public capital will be gained by my title, which is an old one, and likely to prove an attraction to investors. I may also state that if appointed I should always make it a point of driving to the general meetings in my brougham and pair, with servants in full livery. This, I have been told by friends sitting on company benches, is a great advantage in inspiring shareholders with confidence."

One of the barons wanted to know "if the fees were paid in advance, irrespective of any profits made by the company." One of the members of parliament wrote that he had no doubt that, if he were appointed, it would result in heavy purchases of shares in his constituency, where he was very popular.

"And," he added, "it would be well if the bona fides of your scheme were assured, at any rate, on the surface." The last part of the sentence would seem to rather give the virtuous legislator away, as he evidently did not care whether the scheme was good or not.

### Paris Figuring on Another Siege.

There are 3,500,000 souls within the wall of circumscription formed by the outer line of works defending Paris. The French commissariat, in a recent report to the French minister of war, estimates that in order to provide for a siege of six months' duration the following stocks would have to be laid in: Breadstuffs, 243,000 tons; meat, 118,100 tons; salt, 14,793 tons; dry vegetables, 34,440 tons; potatoes, 295,260 tons; wine, 66,229,000 gallons; milk, 6,602,900 cubic meters; coal, 1,000,000 tons; hay, 688,940 tons; straw, 68,894 tons, and oats, 50,032 tons. These supplies, costing about \$100,000,000, would, in case of another siege, be served out to the retail tradesmen, who would each be held responsible for supplying a group of houses. Rosters would be prepared, and each family would receive a card on which would appear the exact hour when the food to which the family was entitled to apply for would be ready for issue.

### A Military Display.

One of the most interesting exhibits in the government building at the world's fair will be a display of arms, uniforms, tents and flags in use in the United States army at various times since 1776. This display is being prepared in one of the Gray's Ferry arsenal buildings. A space of six thousand square feet has been set aside for this exhibit. The uniforms will be draped upon lay figures and arranged in realistic attitudes. The one particular group in which especial pride is taken is to consist of seven figures on horseback, representing a general of the present army and staff. The central figure will be as nearly as possible an exact likeness of Maj.-Gen. Schofield. All the articles were made entirely by Americans and of American materials. There is a collection of at least twenty-five flags, and these alone are valued at eight thousand dollars.

### Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Railroad Arrangements for the National Encampment G. A. R.

For the National Encampment, G. A. R., at Washington, September next, the Ohio and Mississippi railway offers an excellent service of through limited fast vestibuled express trains, with Pullman sleeping cars from St. Louis to Washington. The encampment will be the greatest event in Washington since the grand review of 1862.

No railroad in America is better equipped than the O. and M. and connecting lines to transport large volumes of passenger traffic with dispatch, safety and comfort. Their long experience in transporting crowds to immigration ceremonies, Knights Templar convocations, and similar gatherings on an extensive scale, will prove most valuable in carrying the thousands to the encampment.

The O. and M. and connecting lines form the shortest route to Washington from nearly all points west, carrying the traveler over the crest of the Alleghenies, amid the most picturesque scenery in America, passing through West Virginia, Maryland and through the heart of the Old Dominion, the scene of some of the most interesting of the war, with Clarksville, Martinsburg, Antietam, Harper's Ferry, Maryland Heights, Cedar Mountain, Culper, Brandy Station, Warrenton, Massena and Fairfax on the way, and forming the direct line to Gettysburg. The round trip rate from St. Louis will be \$18. or 1 cent per mile, via the O. and M. and connecting lines, and from west will make rates on the same basis, selling through tickets via St. Louis and the O. and M. railway.

Lives centering at Washington will sell excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates from Washington to Maryland and Virginia battlefields during the encampment.

For rates of fare, routes, time of trains, and further information, address A. J. Little, General Western Passenger Agent, O. and M. railway, 308 South Broadway, St. Louis, Mo.

Seattle, Wash., July 5, 1892.  
After thoroughly testing the Behr Bros. piano along side of one of the oldest and best known high grade instruments I can fully recommend it as meeting every requirement of a strictly first-class piano.  
A. W. RICKARD.

## Boston Store

GREAT SACRIFICE CLEARING SALE CONTINUES

from day to day until nothing of Spring and Summer Goods remain, all articles advertised in last Sunday's issue of this paper continue on sale, lose no time, now is the opportunity to buy Merchandise at less than cost of manufacture.

Boston Store

Thomas Shaw.

Special Cash Bargains for this Week.

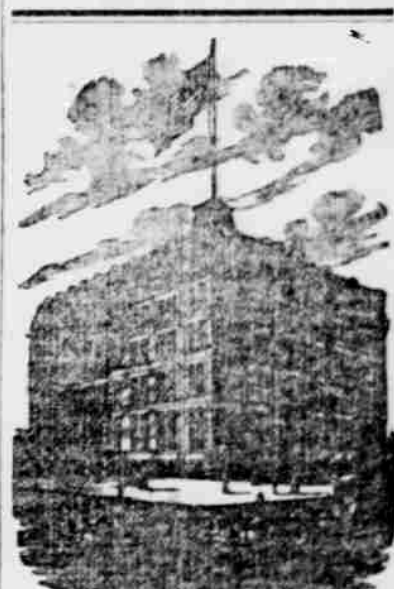
1 new Steinway piano, upright \$385.  
1 new Behr Bros. piano, upright \$325.  
1 new Webster piano, upright \$410.  
1 new Hall & Davis piano, large, \$325.  
1 new Ester piano, upright, \$310.  
1 new Newby & Evans piano, fancy case \$225.  
1 second-hand Chicago Cottage, little used, \$200.  
1 second-hand Briggs, little used, \$125.  
1 second-hand Vase & Son, square \$125.  
A line of specials on organs, at \$25 to \$75. The above are all big bargains and you should not miss them if you want a fine piano.

### BICYCLES.

I have the best known to the trade, the Victor, Pneumatic, I have never known to be punctured; the Columbia is considered by experts to have no superior. The Hartford is the same; the Union 2:10 is another high grade tire. Any of above seldom ever need repair. If you want a dealer always talking repairs and how they can do it, you may be sure their wheel will always need it. I will sell you one that seldom ever needs repairs. If it ever does it is as easy to do as anything on earth. Come and see what I have. Largest stock of all kinds.

THOS. SHAW.

129 North Main St.



HOTEL CAREY.

\$2 TO \$3 PER DAY

"Fast Train for Wichita People."

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